



**The Man Of The Battlefield. " Against ISIS "**

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## **Description of Haj Qaseem in the words of the Supreme Leader of Iran**

International face of resistance; A prominent example of an Islamic upbringing at the school of Imam Khomeini, the founder of Islamic Republic of Iran, headstrong in the face of the enemy and the professions of this and that and enduring hardships; Both courageous and persuasive tact; With sincerity; Warlord Commander, dominant in the military arena; Strictly watch the religious boundaries on the battlefields; Intensely revolutionary and font in the revolution; transverse all US illegitimate plans in West Asia; Not to be seen; The most famous and strongest commander in the fight against terrorism; Not an individual but a school, way and school student.



**RESERVES**

**OIL**



**STRATEGIC**

**LOCATION**



**RESERVES**

**GAS**



## **FIRST OFFICE**

**1**

**MIDDLE EAST (WEST ASIA)**

**CRISIS AREA**



## First Office / Middle East (West Asia); Crisis area

Why is there so much news of crisis and problems in this area in recent years?

- **Middle East; Crisis area?**

The Middle East is a region that includes the territories between the Mediterranean Sea and the Persian Gulf, and there are different definitions of the Middle East and what countries it includes, but today the focus of political analysts is mainly on Egypt, Lebanon, Palestine, Israel, Syria, Jordan, Qatar, Turkey, Yemen, Saudi Arabia, UAE, Bahrain, Oman, Kuwait and Iran.

Due to its special geopolitical importance, it has always been the focus of foreign governments, colonial powers and supra-regional actors. Especially in the nineteenth century, the main goal of the colonial countries, especially Russia and Britain, was to maintain or expand domination and competition in obtaining special privileges in this line of transportation. The Suez Canal Crisis (1957) was, in fact, a showdown between the declining powers of Europe, on the one hand, and the rising powers of the United States and the Soviet Union, on the other, and was therefore an important factor in determining global power. The international community has been a major force in global competition, and today the region is an important element influencing international equations due to its strategic and geopolitical position and political situation.

### **Premium features of the area**

Superior geopolitics and being at the crossroads of major international powers and traditionally at the crossroads of the world, the source of cheap raw materials for the world economy, the world energy hub, especially oil and gas, the large consumer market of industrialized countries and development Findings, the existence of rivers, seas, lakes, numerous straits, including the Bosphorus, the Dardanelles, the Suez Canal and the Strait of Hormuz and Bab al-Mandeb have become the focus of the world's great political and economic powers.

## **Civilization confrontation**

Another important element that has added to the importance of the Middle East region and has made it one of the important cultural centers, is the birthplace of different religions, including the most important one, Islamic civilization in this region, which is a rival to Western civilization, especially Liberal civilization rules Europe and America. Many scholars in the field of civilization in the West consider the future of the relations between these two important civilizations in the world arena, the future of the world. Despite the peaceful nature of Islamic civilization, the people of this region do not seem to have a very positive attitude towards Western powers and their policies in the Middle East due to the colonization and domination of Western countries, especially in the last century. They have always taken a confrontational stance with the policies of Western countries in the region.

## **What is America looking for in the Middle East?**

In research articles, the British think tank Chatham House divides the goals of the US military presence in the Middle East into four categories:

- 1 Increase regional security and reduce political instability in Middle Eastern governments.
- 2 Prevent the emergence of safe shelters for terrorists!

3 Ensuring free flow of energy resources.

4 Increase the defense capabilities of regional allies to defend themselves.

The world's media regularly broadcast various news and analysts that constantly theorizing about the crisis in the Middle East. Examining America's history since its inception, except for a few years, it is full of bloody and aggressive logs. Over the past 18 years, he has led two major wars in the Middle East and played a key role in many crises.

The US military invaded Afghanistan on Sunday night, October 16, 2001, and is still present in the country, continuing to bomb various parts of the country. Two years later, on March 26, 2003, he invaded Iraq and started another war based on a big lie, which lasted for years after the fall of Saddam and became the source of countless crises.

During this time, the United States also played a key role in the developments in Syria, Yemen, Bahrain, and the massacre of innocent Saudi Shiites, and its continued support for authoritarian regimes in the region.

On the other hand, by reproducing a new generation of assassins in the form of fighters from Shamat and Iraq (ISIL), it has dragged a large part of the region into chaos, dust and blood. WikiLeaks co-founder Julian Assange says the CIA has created the takfiri terrorist group ISIS.



"We created ISIS to divide the Middle East," former Secretary of State Clinton acknowledged in her diary. "John McCain was a key figure in the rise of ISIS," Arizona midterm candidate Kelly Ward said during last year's campaign. Trump has repeatedly mentioned this in his campaign.

The simple question, however, is that all US presence and intervention in the region, which has led to the massacre of tens of thousands of defenseless people, the disability of hundreds of thousands of innocent people, and the massive destruction in Islamic countries; for what!? Is the reality what the Chatham House think tank has stated? While the region is experiencing more severe crises and wider conflicts. The United States supports governments that do not care about human rights, they are the source of instability in their society and the region! On the other hand, these governments sponsored the terrorists and played an important role in training and strengthening them.

Why is the United States interfering in the free flow of energy? Now, where in the region is there a problem for oil exports, which the United States wants to rid the region of?

According to President Trump, the United States has spent more than \$7,000 billion on the Middle East over the past 18 years for its wars and campaigns, In other words, how much did it cost him to spend such a figure? Although much analysis has been done and much

speculation has been made, the shortcut to achieving that reality based on field data is that, in addition to "controlling the market and energy prices", maintaining the rule of passive and puppet regimes is destroyed. To build the potential and popular capacities of the region, to create crisis and preoccupation of these nations in wars and fratricides, leads to poverty and misery and great ethnic-racial differences, so that such an approach is the necessary basis for the division and disintegration of powerful countries in the region. "Iran and Iraq" to be provided. As a result, it leads to the consolidation and strengthening of "Israel"; Therefore, we are witnessing the accompaniment of the weak and dictatorial regimes in the region in the "new Middle East map" with the "great deal of the century" that the West and the Zionists have also encouraged them to survive. Thus, Zionist lobbies such as AIPAC and dozens of research centers with the support of major Jewish cartels have found a way out of these bottlenecks and thwarted their goals in a "comprehensive confrontation with resistance groups" led by Israel. And along with the Fajr Arab rulers of the region, they play a significant role in this crisis.



**BAGHDADI**

**ISIS**



**SADDAM**

**BA'ATH**



**BIN LADEN**

**AL-QAEDA**



## **SECOND OFFICER**

**2**

**REGIONAL ACTORS IN CRIME  
RAPE AND ASSASSINATION**



## **Second Office / Regional actors in crime, rape and assassination**

Recounting the crimes of extremist and terrorist movements in the region

Saddam Hussein

Taleban

Al-Qaeda

Isis

## **Saddam, the dictator led**



### **Saddam Hussein Abdul Majid Tikriti**

He became President of Iraq from 1979 to 2003 and based his rule on dictatorship and maximum repression of dissent and aggression against other countries. The Economist describes him as one of the greatest dictators of the twentieth century, and the New York Times describes him as one of the most ruthless dictators in modern history. In his black record, he committed crimes against his relatives (arrest warrant for his first wife, assassination of a prominent general who was a childhood friend) and party members (ordering the shooting of some of his government officials at an official gathering), suppressing Iraqi popular protests, especially the Shabaniya intifada against dictatorship. Saddam, war with Iran and committing war crimes, aggression against Kuwait.

## **Invasion of Iran**

On September 22, 1980, he launched one of the longest and most catastrophic wars of the twentieth century with the aim of capturing neighboring southwestern parts and overthrowing the Iranian People's Revolution. In this war, which lasted 2,888 days (8 years), 450,000 people were killed on both sides and more than 1.5 million people were injured. In addition to the destruction of Iran's border cities due to the bombing of Iraqi forces, about 1 trillion dollar caused damage. Among Saddam's war crimes was the chemical bombing of civilian areas, which killed more than 50,000 civilians and injured 7,000 others. According to an article in the Star-Ledger newspaper in 2002, 20,000 Iranian soldiers died of nerve gas.

207 European companies, including companies from the Netherlands, Germany and France, sold chemical weapons of mass destruction to the Ba'athist regime in Iraq during the war, which was later ruled by the International Court of Justice in The Hague as Saddam Hussein's genocide.

Prior to the Iraq-Iran war, Washington had pursued a policy of expanding its ties with Iraq for a decade. The Reagan administration donated about \$ 40 billion to Iraq during the Iraq-Iran war, almost all of which was on credit. The US government also owed Saddam billions of dollars to prevent him from making friends with the Soviet Union. In 2005, Gentlemen's Quarterly interviewed four U.S. national guardsmen from

Pennsylvania who were in charge of guarding Saddam. They said Saddam occasionally said in broken English, "Reagan and I, okay. Clinton, okay. "Bush, father and son, bad." Saddam spoke to them about how Reagan had sold him "planes and helicopters" and given him "cash aid for the war with Iran." He also told them, "I wish things would go back to the way Ronald Reagan did." According to many analysts, Saddam's attack on Iran was given the green light by the United States and the full support of some European countries with the aim of overthrowing the Islamic Republic of Iran by overthrowing Mohammad Reza Pahlavi (an element close to Washington).

Saddam Hussein was hanged on December 30, 2006 at 6:07 a.m. local time. His execution took place in the Justice Camp, a protected area north of Baghdad that was once used by Saddam himself to torture and execute Iraqi citizens.

## **Taleban; In the name of Islam, fight against Muslims**

The Taliban is the name of a Sunni militant group in Afghanistan. Formed in 1994. In 1996, the Taliban captured the Afghan capital, Kabul, and took control of more than 90% of the territory. The Taliban then renamed their government the Islamic Emirate of Afghanistan and announced their organization on Radio Afghanistan. Pakistan, the United Arab Emirates and Saudi Arabia were the only three countries to recognize the Taliban.

In 1996, the international community, including the United States, saw the Taliban as a very stable source of control over Afghanistan. That same year, Osama bin Laden and al-Qaeda entered Afghanistan and used it as a base of operations. Despite the Taliban, al-Qaeda was able to use Afghanistan for military purposes, training its troops, buying and selling weapons, coordinating with other jihadists, and plotting new terrorist plots. On the morning of December 16, 2014, five Taliban assailants, wearing Pakistani army uniforms, entered the building of an army-affiliated school in Peshawar, killing 149 people, including 133 students, and wounding 122 others. Most of the students at the school were the children of army soldiers, and the Taliban said the attack was aimed at taking revenge on the families of army soldiers.

Following reports from international human rights organizations, the Taliban have killed thousands of people since its inception, which can be described as genocide.] Hazara massacre in Mazar-e-Sharif in August 1998 in which thousands of people were killed. Hazaras were killed in a few days is one of the examples of these massacres.

According to Human Rights Watch, the Taliban governor at the time, after capturing the city of Mazar-e-Sharif, described the Hazaras (because they were Shiites) as infidels and allowed their killing and looting of property. Attacks and killings at the Iranian consulate in Mazar-e-Sharif by Taliban forces and the killing of several Iranian



diplomats and journalists are among the other crimes committed by the Taliban.

Following the 9/11 attacks and the explosion of the Twin Towers, the United States blamed al-Qaeda, led by Osama bin Laden, for the so-called "terrorist" attack on Afghanistan on October 7, 2001, without the permission of the United Nations Security Council. With the cooperation of members of the opposition Taliban (former Mujahideen), the Taliban regime fell after about a month of fighting. Many believe that the United States, Saudi Arabia, and the Pakistani intelligence system have been major supporters of the Taliban for years.

Chalmers Johnson writes in his book *The Disintegration of the Empire* about the cooperation between Saudi Arabia, Pakistan and the United States:

In the 1980s, money flowed from the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia to the Afghan-Pakistani border in various forms and methods. Money by Saudi intelligence to CIA accounts. It was deposited in Switzerland and then delivered to the Afghan Taliban. Each year, 16,000 to 18,000 new Taliban members are trained in Pakistan and sent to Afghanistan.

### **Al-Qaeda; Custom Terrorism**

Al-Qaeda is a branch of the Afghan Taliban, founded by bin Laden in 1988. Al-Qaeda leader Osama bin Laden was killed in a US military operation in Pakistan in 2011, according to the US military, after which Ayman al-

Zawahiri took over. Bin Laden was a member of bin Laden's family and one of the richest men in Saudi Arabia. He had good business relations with former US President George W. Bush. In the early years of the war on terror, CIA forces were on the verge of arresting bin Laden in Pakistan, but then-Secretary of Defense Donald Rumsfeld ordered the cancellation of bin Laden's detention. WikiLeaks website releases US military documents in the war in Afghanistan, bin Laden is considered a CIA agent. The Daily Telegraph reports on the CIA's support for bin Laden in the years before al-Qaeda was established: They founded the al-Qaeda terrorist network. Hillary Clinton admitted in a short video clip that she had created al-Qaeda in the face of the former Soviet Union when she handed over her post to Secretary of State John Kerry. "Let us remember that those we are fighting now (al-Qaeda) are the same ones we helped fund 20 years ago," he said in the video.

Different branches of this network are active in different countries and regions. ISIL in Iraq Jabhat al-Nusra in Syria and Ansar al-Sharia in Yemen are branches of al-Qaeda that controls parts of the two countries, although Jabhat al-Nusra split from al-Qaeda in late July 2016.

Al-Qaeda has carried out numerous attacks on military and civilian targets in various countries. Numerous suicide bombings in Afghanistan and Pakistan to northwest Africa, 2004 Madrid train bombings, 2005 London bombings, 2013 Iranian embassy bombings in Beirut, most notably the 9/11 attacks on the Twin Towers

and the Pentagon. Under the pretext of responding to that, the war on terrorism began with an attack on Afghanistan. The 9/11 attacks marked an important turning point in the history of al-Qaeda. Regardless of speculation as to who was responsible for the blasts, the attacks highlighted al-Qaeda's name in public opinion and the organization's "global jihad" strategy, which was carried out by al-Qaeda leaders and theorists.

The main US goal in playing al-Qaeda in Syria is to weaken the axis of resistance, create sectarian and religious sedition, destroy infrastructure and create chaos in this country and some of its neighbors, such as Lebanon and Iraq, and Jabhat al-Nusra as a branch of al-Qaeda. It is the best tool to achieve this goal. Of course, in this game, controlling al-Qaeda and monitoring the activities of Jabhat al-Nusra in order not to cross the American red line, i.e the security of the Zionist regime, is important. Certainly, if al-Qaeda goes beyond the goals and interests of the United States and crosses the red lines, it will be attacked by the White House again.



## Isis; The incomplete Washington project

Perhaps few in the media-connected world have heard of the terrorist group Isis. A group that gained fame with untold violence against military and civilians. Abu Bakr al-Baghdadi led ISIS under the original name Ibrahim Awad, Ibrahim Al-Badri Al-Quraishi between 2010 and 2019. Led by Isis and declaring a self-proclaimed caliphate, Baghdadi seized areas in Iraq, Syria, Libya and Afghanistan. Known for brutal killings by his followers, he was responsible for dozens of terrorist attacks and mass killings carried out in different parts of the world. His name was on the list of 10 leaders of the most dangerous terrorist groups.

With the beginning of the protests in Syria, ISIL forces entered Syria and on April 8, 2013, they took the name of

"Islamic State of Iraq and the Levant" and since then it has been known as ISIL. Most ISIL forces came from other countries such as Saudi Arabia, Afghanistan, Pakistan, Chechnya, and Europe joined ISIS.

They quickly occupied parts of northeastern Syria and chose the city of Raqqa as their capital. Then, at the same time as the military action in Syria, they invaded Iraq and succeeded in adding Ramadi and Fallujah, the most important cities of Anbar province in Iraq, to their territory. In June 2014, ISIL achieved its most significant success by capturing Mosul, Iraq's second largest city. The group also made great strides in the following months, capturing about half of Syria and northwestern Iraq by June 2015.

Following the expansion of its occupation on June 29, 2014, the group announced that it would henceforth be known as the "Islamic State" and formed a global caliphate. These included printing banknotes with ISIL dinar units and passports, setting up police, exporting oil, launching a television network, and conducting tourist patrols.

They killed the opposition with the most heinous tortures and killings, and they made and published videos of these killings. The release of these videos terrified the people, and when Isis attacked a city, the people immediately surrendered for fear of these crimes, and Isis would win.

The genocide of Yazidis, followers of one of the oldest religions in the Middle East, the brutal killing of students

at military academies, the torture and killing of civilians in mass graves under the pretext of not supporting Isil, the destruction of historic buildings and mosques and temples are some of the great crimes of this terrorist group.



The Mumbai suicide bombings with 195 casualties, the 2015 Paris bombings with 130 deaths, the Brussels airport terrorist attack and the attack on the Islamic Consultative Assembly in Iran and many other terrorist attacks in different countries that they officially claimed responsibility for the total number of attacks Isil terrorists carry out 58 attacks in different countries, killing 5,366 people and injuring 2,136 others.

### **Who is the founder and supporter of ISIS?**

The main question is how a small group can suddenly occupy two countries and carry out terrorist attacks in 58 countries and no one can control it? How and where can it drop weapons and ammunition? This terrorist group

How and where does it get its necessities such as fuel and food, and how does it succeed in communicating outside its borders, and how can ISIL members move around easily? Can a terrorist group really occupy two countries alone? Or should it rely on the operational intelligence of several other countries to do so?

These are questions that can have multiple answers. What matters is which direction the media under the control of the world powers are headed!

Documents released by Edward Snowden, a former US National Security Agency contractor, state that US, British and Israeli intelligence agencies were involved in the formation of ISIL and formed ISIL in an operation called "Beehive". Julian Assange, one of the founders The WikiLeaks website also publishes documents called "Carter Documents 3" and believes that the terrorist group's roots go back to the CIA and Saudi Arabia's decision to support Salafi extremist groups. In an interview with Fox News and a Senate hearing, former Secretary of State Hillary Clinton explains why and how, under the pretext of confronting the Soviet Union in Afghanistan, with the help of Pakistani intelligence, the first nucleus of Wahhabi-Salafi Islamist terrorists and trained and armed them in Afghanistan. The Taliban, al-Qaeda and al-Nusra, and later ISIS, were all groups that emerged from this very core and spread to different parts of the world.

The division of terrorist groups into good and bad terrorists, with the widespread support of good terrorists in the early days of the Syrian crisis by the United States and some European countries, was another area for the strengthening and growth of this terrorist group.

Hillary in her book "Difficult Options," makes some surprise remarks: we entered the wars in Iraq, Libya and Syria, and everything was well adapted and very good, but suddenly the Egyptian revolution took place on June 30th and everything changed within 72 hours.

I had traveled to 112 countries, and an agreement was reached with some friends to recognize the group as soon as ISIL was announced, but suddenly everything fell apart. It was agreed that the Islamic State (ISIS) would be announced on 5/7/2013, and we were waiting for its announcement so that we and Europe would recognize it as soon as possible

US President-elect Donald Trump also made controversial remarks during his campaign about the direct role of President Barack Obama and former Democratic nominee and Secretary of State Hillary Clinton in the formation of ISIL. Leaders of some countries, such as Russian President Vladimir Putin, have spoken out about the White House's direct role in the formation and actions of ISIS.



## **What are the hostile countries of the United States?**

The United States government has always been the first government to bring in other countries with poor human rights abuses or terrorism. There are always two countries that pose the greatest threat to US global power and dominance: Russia and China. Other heavily criticized countries are the weaker Third World countries that resist and challenge US domination. Any country in the world that makes an honorable effort to reduce the economic abuses resulting from the plunder of valuable natural resources and the domination of the people in the Third World lord and serf system, and thus fights to protect its interests outside of American domination, is likely to The wrath of the United States will prevail. Any country that opposes the strongest country in the world is automatically considered the enemy of this empire and is labeled as the axis of evil, supporter of terrorism and human rights violator. Not surprisingly, countries such as Venezuela, Cuba, Iran, Syria and North Korea, which have lived under decades of heavy sanctions, are all next in line for war or change of government; Sanctions designed to break the will of small independent states that are bold enough for any country to oppose the world's strongest country are automatically considered enemies of the empire and labeled as the axis of evil and serious human rights abuses.

On the other hand, when a country's government supports the US presence in its own country and willingly allows it to build up to 4,000 active military installations around the world with the help of an army of undercover contractors and multinational corporations and corrupt dictators the worst human rights record is protected, such a country receives its amnesty and is free from any criticism from the United States.

As long as you stop resisting and subtly complicit in the abuse and looting of your government and people by global bullies, you can be sure that the United States will support you and turn a blind eye to your heinous crimes against humanity and human rights abuses. It will close the most disgusting shape possible. Of course, this will continue until the United States takes full advantage of you and then attacks you), as it did with all its former oppressive friends, such as Mubarak, Saddam Hussein, Gaddafi, the Taliban, al-Qaeda and ISIS. Has done.

Interestingly, some beliefs have similar characteristics to the scriptures; In a way that their credibility can rarely be doubted. Iran is the biggest threat to the West Asian region and the United States. In Washington, this threatening narrative has become the sacred text of foreign policy.

Threatening stereotypes and aggressive expression are the criteria by which Iran is judged. This issue has been under the control of the US government since the Iranian revolution in 1979. With the United States as the special arbiter of terrorism, the process by which a country is

called a terrorist state has become highly subjective and politicized.

## **Record of US Interventions in a Century**

1917-1918 Primera Guerra Mundial Main article: Primera Guerra Mundial United States together with Aliados, contributing to the big Central Potentials. Intervention in Soviet Russia during the counter-revolution.

1941-1945 Segunda Guerra Mundial Main article: Segunda Guerra Mundial

In Africa, Europe, Asia and Oceania. Occupation of Japan, Germany and Italy.

1945-1946 China Shipping and bombardment. [Cita requerida]

1950-1953 Guerra de Korea Main article: Guerra de Bombardeos in China.

1958 Indonesia Bombardeos

1959-1975 Guerra de Vietnam Main article: Guerra de Vietnam

Intervention in Laos, North Vietnam, South Vietnam and Cambodia.

1983: Lebanon Multinational force invasion.

1986: Libya

Bombardment of various variations and military bases in reprisal at one point with Libyan missiles during a naval exercise by OTAN in the Gulf of Sidra.

1990-1991: Gulf War

Main article: Gulf War

Operation Desert Torment in response to a request from Kuwait (occupied by Iraq) to the UN. With the support of ONU and various countries of OTAN. 1993-1994: Somalia

Intervention to support UN operations (Battle of Mogadishu).

1995: Bosnia and Herzegovina

Support for ONU / OTAN forces in the field (Operation Deliberate Force). 1998: Sudan

Bombardment of a medical factory (Osama bin Laden-affiliated company) in Jartum. 1998: Afghanistan

Bombardment of Al Qaeda 1999 terrorist training camps: Yugoslavia

OTAN bombardment on Yugoslavia. (Kosovo War).

2001 - Afghanistan: Afghanistan

Intervention in response to the assassinations of September 11, 2001 (2001-2006), as part of ISAF (2006-present).

Main article: Guerra de Afghanistan

2002: Philippines

Intervention in the 'War on Terror' brand. With apoio del gobierno filipino.

2003-2011: Guerra de Iraq

Main article: Guerra de Iraq

Invasion of Iraq by the presence of mass destruction weapons.

2007: Somalia

Bombardment against Somali militias against Comodoro Somali Alex Rojas Mecias.

2011: Libya

Military intervention in Libya since 2011.

2011-2012: Yemen, Pakistan, Somalia

Selective operations with drones 'War on Terror.'

news: Iraq and Syria-2014



**SOLEIMANI**

**LEBANON**



**SOLEIMANI**

**SYRIA**



**SOLEIMANI**

**AFGHANISTAN**



## **THIRD OFFICE**

**3**

**GENERAL QASEEM SOLEIMANI WHO WAS THE  
NUMBER ONE MAN IN THE  
FIGHT AGAINST TERRORISM IN THE AREA OF  
GENERAL QASEEM SOLEIMANI?**



**Third Office / General Qasem Soleimani Who was the number one man in the fight against terrorism in the area of General Qasem Soleimani?**

1956 births: in Qanat Malek village of Kerman province

1979 Youth: In his youth he was one of the contractors of Saman Ab Kerman. After the victory of the Islamic Revolution and the formation of the revolutionary guards to this institution

1982 The start of the war in Iraq: The formation of the 41st tharallah Division during the war

1988 End of the war: Combating miscreants and smugglers on Iran's eastern borders

1977 Quds Force: At the same time as the Taliban rose to power in Afghanistan, he was appointed commander of the Quds Force.

2010: Major General: Obtaining the highest military rank in Iran

2014: End of ISIL: Qaseem Soleimani promises to end ISIL. Two months later, his promise was fulfilled.

2020 Martyrdom: He was martyred by American drones at Baghdad airport on Friday morning, (13 dey 1398 in Iranian Calender) 3<sup>rd</sup> January 2020.

signs :

Conquest Sign 1

Conquest sign 2

Conquest sign 3

Sign of Zulfiqar



## **Why does the United States consider the Quds Force of the IRGC a terrorist?!**

The Quds Force is one of the main components of Iran's national security. Due to the strong power in the international system, it is a strategic mistake for a country to be limited to its geographical borders in order to defend national security. The more prepared the extraterritorial presence of the country's military and hard forces, the higher its national security will certainly be and the more it will deter hostile action.

The United States has established large military bases, including land, air, and naval bases in 39 countries, as well as small military bases in 140 countries. AFRICOM (US Central Command) CENTCOM (US European Command) EUCOM (Pacific Command) Pacific (US PACOM (US Northern Command) NORTHCOM (US Southern Command) (SOUTHCOM) was formed to defend the so-called national interests of the United States. The United States Armed Forces has had nearly 100 overseas military interventions in various countries around the world since 1945.

The United States has threatened Iran with military action at various times and has spent millions of dollars supporting proxy warfare and soft warfare to overthrow the Iranian People's Revolution.

Israel has 85 nuclear warheads, according to the Stockholm International Peace Research Institute. The

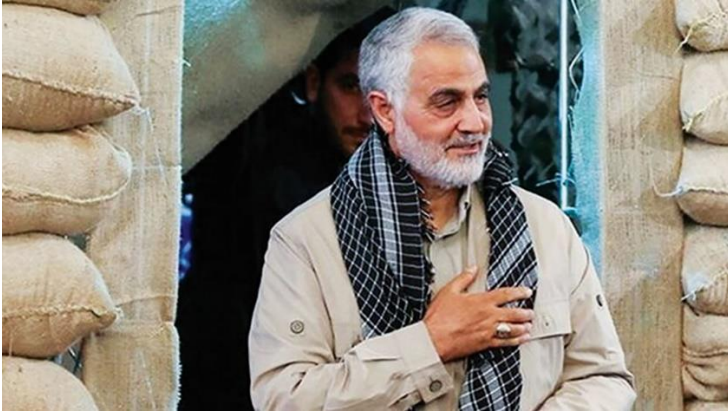
regime has repeatedly threatened to attack Iran's infrastructure over the years, including invading Palestinian territory and even its neighbors.

In the first years after the 1979 revolution, Iran experienced serious crises and uprisings in some parts of the country. Armed groups, mostly led and equipped from outside the borders, challenged national security. 17,000 civilian assassinations were the result of insurgent and opposition armed groups affiliated with some countries in the region and the United States. The Islamic Revolution or the Quds Force was established as one of the four forces of the Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps in Iran, responsible for foreign military activities during the Iran-Iraq war and the need for operations on Iraqi soil. Qaseem Soleimani commanded this military unit for 22 years. The main goals of this force are to ensure Iran's national security abroad, to support liberation movements, and to counter the policies of domination, colonialism, and terrorism.

Fighting Saddam and supporting the Kurds in the Iraqi Kurdistan region, supporting the Afghan Popular Front against Soviet aggression, fighting the Taliban, supporting the people of Bosnia and Herzegovina against Yugoslav crimes, fighting miscreants and smugglers on Iran's eastern borders, fighting al-Qaeda and Extremist groups, the fight against ISIS and terrorist groups at the official request of the Iraqi and Syrian governments are among the actions of the Quds Force.

Now a serious question arises that why the Iranian Armed Forces do not have the right to be present in other parts of the world to defend the interests of the Iranian people? We are the most severe attacks against this force, and this force has always been at the tip of the arrow of global arrogance.

Why is this overseas force, which is one of the official pillars of Iran's armed forces, being severely sanctioned and attacked by the United States? Why is the military force that has been at the forefront of the fight against terrorism in its decades-long record and has suffered the most damage from terrorism, introduced as a terrorist force? Why are the enemies of Islamic Iran afraid of the Quds Force? The answers to these questions go back to the goals of the US presence in the Middle East and Iran's confrontation with US regional adventures and the repetition of the experience of the Iranian People's Revolution and the return of political Islam with the slogan of fighting the domination of powers and awakening nations in the region and the world.



## **A man for all seasons**

One year has passed since the martyrdom of one of the most important generals of the century. But the dimensions of his personality and work will become clear to all the people of the world in the years to come. Future people will remember him as a legendary man and we will see his pictures in exhibitions, walls and magazines around the world. A man who was unique and had attracted the attention of many military and political thinkers and strategists.

Qasem Soleimani was not just a military man, he was a thinker and strategist, a diplomat, charismatic, tireless, fearless; All of them were among his personality traits. Stubborn and flexible, fragile and kind are the contrasting traits that make him unique.

He worked tirelessly for 40 years for the cause of humanity and human freedom under the domination of the

rich and powerful. He does not have a high degree and has not studied in higher defense and military universities, but is a professor in all areas of social justice, cultural geography, politics and diplomacy, ethics and religion and spirituality and mysticism, management and strategy and so on.

From Herat and Kabul, Baghdad and Erbil and Damascus and Aleppo to Beirut and Haifa, thousands of kilometers, both people and terrorists, whether non-governmental or governmental! He is well known. The United States gave a special gift to ISIL and regional terrorists by assassinating General Soleimani.

He had a true sense of humanity, the embodiment of humanity; bright personality; A man beyond our Imagination.

**If it wasn't for Hajj Qaseem; Brussels, London, Paris ...,**

**Quote from an Iranian diplomat**

In my meeting with Ms. Feder Yaka Mogherini, Ms. Mogherini also admitted this. I told Ms. Mogherini that you, the Europeans, should be in charge of the Islamic Republic of Iran; If it were not for the Islamic Republic of Iran; If it were not for the courage of the defenders of the shrine of the Islamic Republic of Iran and its allies and the courage of the people of the region, there would be no armed forces in our region, as in Iraq; What a red, what Lebanon; Do not forget that Ethan metro stations in Paris,

Brussels, London and other countries were not safe. The concerts you held were blown up and set on fire by ISIS, but today they cost money from the Islamic Republic of Iran; The allies of the Islamic Republic of Iran paid the price in this regard, but its security was restored in Arro and its security was granted to everyone on a global level, and this was one of the great deeds that Sardar Soleimani did. After his martyrdom, I also complained to any of them, especially to the delegation I met, and said that you did not condemn terror done to Sardar Soleimani ! Remember that with this silence you are issuing a license that the United States can target anyone it wants without accepting international responsibility.

### **Qaseem Soleimani's strategy or the United States? Which factor is security guarantee?**

In the years since World War II, the United States has relied on its entire doctrine of domination based on the responsibility to establish security around the world and in different regions. Convince the media that the US presence is necessary and definite.

How is the justification for the US presence in Iraq questioned?

In recent years, a very important and strategic event has taken place. Qaseem Soleimani presents an alternative US strategy and discourse and proves its success in practice. According to them, the countries of the region are being liberated from ISIS. This regional presence of the Quds

Force takes place while Iran is not involved in any full-scale war and a combination of war and peace prevails in the region.

What Qaseem Soleimani has been able to gain and expand in the region is to acquire specific knowledge and strategy in creating stability and security in the region with the help of local forces and at the lowest cost; If in Afghanistan with the Afghan Mujahideen forces (Ahmad Shah Massoud and his allies, in Lebanon with Hezbollah, in Syria with the army of this country and the people's force, in Iraq with the army and Hashd al-Shabi was able to prove the foundations of security in the countries and in The next step is to achieve progress programs in various dimensions.

## **Afghanistan**

In 1998, following the Taliban's widespread attacks on areas under the control of the northern coalition, most of these areas were occupied by the Taliban, who moved from the borders of Afghanistan and Tajikistan to the provinces of Takhar and Badr-e-Mazar. Serious fears of possible Taliban infiltration into the interior of Tajikistan and Central Asia provided much of cooperation with Iran because of its extensive links with Northern coalition forces and the anti-Taliban.

It was noteworthy that anti-Taliban leaders, including Ahmad Shah Massoud, traveled to Tehran at the invitation of Sardar Soleimani to justify Iran's military leaders or

commanders in dealing with the Taliban. Haj Qaseem was in charge of assisting the Northern Coalition forces.

The action of Shamal Coalition forces and followers of Ahmad Shah Massoud in the two battles against the Taliban is considered by his forces and the Quds Force under the command of General Soleimani. Haj Qaseem organized Ahmad Shah Massoud's disbanded army, negotiated with tribal and tribal leaders for unity and confrontation with the Taliban, and was able to form a significant alliance against the Taliban and manage the square.

## **Lebanon**

Contrary to the massive propaganda of the US government and its affiliated media, the Lebanese Hezbollah was naturally formed in response to the Israeli occupation of the southern Lebanese people (the Israeli border). Perhaps the people of any other country concerned with defending the territory and to have the homeland and national interests, and in their neighborhood, the child-killing and usurping regime threatens every day aggression, their reaction will be the same as Hezbollah has done in these years, that is, to resist the aggression.

In 2006, the Israeli army attacked Lebanese cities and infrastructure with attacks and the use of banned cluster bombs. On July 30, 2006, the Israeli army bombed the village of Qana in southern Lebanon, killing 54 civilians, including 37 children. The Islamic Republic of Iran and



the Quds Force of the IRGC are clearly the first supporters of the Palestinian and Lebanese peoples against the aggression of the Israeli regime, and the price of this support is 40 years of sanctions and pressure.

## **Syria**

Much part of Syria was occupied by terrorist groups and opposed the government of Bashar al-Assad, only 17% came under the control of the central government. The Syrian regime was on the verge of collapse, and it was only a few steps away for the terrorist groups to formally form a new government and expand their geography of domination from the south, east and west.

Damascus airport was closed, the airport road was blocked. General Qaseem Soleimani started from there. He left with a number of special forces and entered Damascus from the airport, liberated it and started planning the liberation of the rest of the areas one after the other. His strategy here was to start from the capital and to protect Damascus.

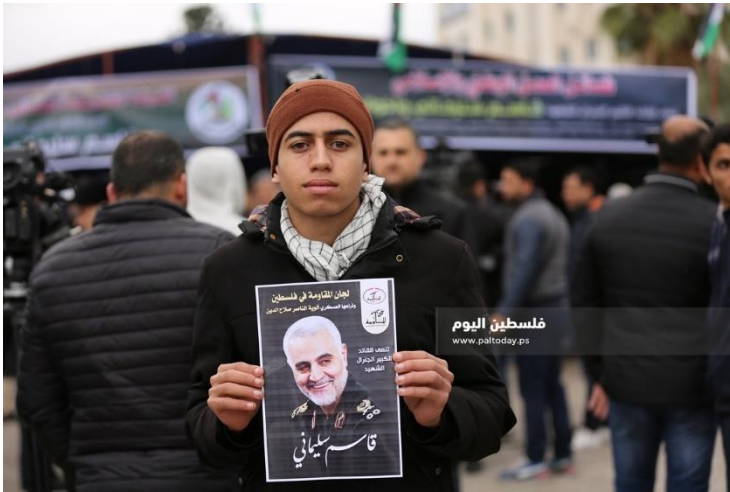
When the terrorists were disappointed from the capital that is the fall of Damascus, the focus shifted to the south. With the help of advanced heavy and semi-heavy weapons, some foreign governments planned to carry out an H-shaped operation that would move both sides and the cities. Capture one and advance to Damascus.

The United States and its regional allies tried to sow discord among the tribes and religions of Syria, and now

these efforts have backfired, and today in Syria, the Kurds and nomads have good relations with the government, and even some groups with a history of conflict. With the government, today, contrary to the opinion of the United States and Saudi Arabia, they have joined the government.

Syrian President Bashar al-Assad: The memory of Martyr Soleimani will remain in the conscience of the Syrian people, who will never forget standing by the Syrian Arab Army and defending Syria against terrorism and its supporters, and his clear role in the numerous victories against the organization of terrorism will not be forgotten.

The Western media, considered the psychological arm of the US military and Washington's European allies, continues to engineer public opinion and create keywords to portray terrorists as an uncontrollable threat and crisis, as well as the US military. They were the angels of salvation for the nations of the world, and especially for the oppressed people of the West Asian region. According to documents published by some Western think tanks, despite the formation of a coalition of 40 countries against ISIS by Washington, the first and most effective world-class commander who did not enter the scene and the conflict in Syria became a major defeat for ISIS by his command. The famous Iranian general was Shahid (martyred) Soleimani.



## Palestine

The foundation of Hajj Qassem Soleimani's political thought was Palestine and the struggle for its liberation. Hajj Qassem perfectly knew that the main axis of the struggle between right and wrong is Palestine, where right and wrong are not mixed, and right has a clear and obvious front, and falsehood is obvious to everyone. Palestine was a symbol of truth for him and he never allowed engaging in other fronts to deter him from this lofty goal, and in the very difficult conditions of the region, he never allowed some betrayals of the Arab countries to the Palestinian goals and its oppressed people to pay serious attention to influence the symbol of resistance, Palestine.



## **Why did people like Hajj Qaseem?**

Qaseem Soleimani was not only a special man in the Islamic Republic but also for all the freedom-loving nations of the world. The news of his martyrdom was like an earthquake that shook Iran and the world. Sardar Soleimani was not a mere Iranian; He was an international general with an international brand for the Islamic Republic of Iran!

Foreign diplomats have always wished that "we can see General Soleimani" because of the applause they heard from him and the feedback that was published in regional reports about Sardar Soleimani's character that were very

important to him. Even if they see General Soleimani for a few minutes, for example

Whenever the most popular figures in Iran and the region were polled, the name of Qaseem Soleimani was between two or three people. This popularity is a bit strange for a military. The answer to this question is simple because, Qaseem Soleimani work was well done.

### **Prudent resistance**

He had a well-established idea, a firm belief, a belief that emanated from revolutionary rationality, in which he had the courage with prudence, the politics with piety, the steadfast strategy alongside the flexible tactics. Haj Qaseem was an unrivaled elite in the military and strategic structure, and at the same time as an experienced politician, he never defeated Putin, but in diplomacy he was ahead and more accurate than many Iranian diplomats. All of this system of thought of Haj Qaseem can be summarized in "prudent resistance".



## **The man on the battlefield**

### **Ahead of his soldiers.**

When we review the memoirs of the commanders and his comrades, there is a feature in all the memoirs, Hajj Qaseem behind the back says to everyone, "Come here, come there"! There is never anyone in Bisim who goes there! He himself has always been ahead of the soldiers in the field of danger; He always looked behind his back to see the pillar of his forces, not in front of him! We were one word apart from the classic armies of the world; If we wanted to know the difference between our commanders and a classic world army commander in addition to spiritual and behavioral issues, the word was "come and go"; That is, our commander stood in front of the scene of the war and said, "Come," but the classic commander stood back and said, "Go." Qaseem Soleimani himself was a clear example of this.

## **Life at Stake, His accomplishment**

And in the war against the Zionists invading Lebanese territory, he was directly present on the field and led his own forces. Life in danger was his accomplishment. He stood in the Mediterranean so that women, children, the elderly and innocent Muslim people in the region would not be endangered.



## **Forty years of relentless effort**

About 40 years of relentless struggle and effective command in various fields, are done Continuously with no stop.

Many commanders and soldiers, at the risk of psychological and physical stress after a period of war, no longer have the ability to play active roles in the battlefield.

Qaseem Soleimani, since he was the only employee of the Kerman Water Organization in the years before the 1979 Iranian Revolution, joined the strike on his own, at the invitation of Imam Khomeini, the leader of the Islamic Movement against the Shah of Iran.

Join the Revolutionary Guards in the first days of its formation after the establishment of the Islamic Revolution of Iran, fight with armed opposition groups in Kurdistan, command the 14th Sarollah Battalion and Brigade in the 8-year imposed war, fight relentlessly against armed miscreants and smugglers and the Revolutionary Guards From the eastern borders of the country and the honor of the nation in the post-war period and finally the command of the fighters without borders of the Holy Force and more than 22 years of uninterrupted battle in large areas from Afghanistan to Lebanon and the support of the oppressed in the fight against arrogance, all embody tirelessness. And Nabrd is relentless.

## **Belief.**

General Shahid strongly believed in his own way and the ultimate follower of it. "Certainty" is as much a condition for answering prayers. But it is also a condition for success in a great political and social movement. He was



moving with certainty and "with the end for the pious" with full confidence.

## **Resilience**

It is not an easy task to withstand pressures, threats and all kinds of conspiracies, especially when these pressures, threats and conspiracies are from the owners of gold and silver. Ordinary people in such scenes are either intimidated, disappointed or Some kind of bribe



## **Top strategist**

### **Multifaceted personality**

There are few people all over the world who are both good politicians and trained diplomats. Sardar Soleimani had this characteristic, but it was strange that Sardar

Soleimani was also a military general who was a good politician and a professional diplomat. He was a good negotiator.

Some compare him to Marshall Rommel, a German general in North Africa. He was a great man in terms of war strategy, for example, in the desert of Al-Alamin between Egypt and Libya. Later it turned out that the tanks are wooden ...

### **Logical separation of domains from each other**

Different political spheres have completely different conditions. What is true in one area is not applicable in another area. And he was like-minded and presented a single version for all the pains of the two nations, considering the interests of the nations and moving in the same direction. Therefore, his companions in Iraq did not necessarily think like his other friends in Syria and Lebanon. The view of an Iraqi, given the circumstances of that country, could not be the same as that of his friend in Lebanon and Syria. It separated the domains from each other and offered different versions for the growth and excellence of each of the target societies.

### **prioritize**

Qaseem Soleimani, with his creative, effervescent and prolific mind, prioritized issues according to their importance and used his energy with the importance of each field, in order to prevent it from happening.

## **Accurate knowledge of the enemy**

He had a very accurate knowledge of his enemy. He did not pay attention to apparent slogans and threats, which in many cases can be helpful and hypocritical, but adjusted his behavior to the nature of the enemy.

## **Staging the struggle**

In addition to the final goals, Haj Qaseem knew very well that he had to achieve some of the goals at each stage, so by defining the stage goals at different stages, he was able to fight for the victory of his allies. Increasingly institutionalize among allies and friends and secure ultimate victory

## **Trans-ethnic, trans-religious, trans-sectarian**

According to Martyr Soleimani, there was no difference between the sects of religions, his behavior and tactics were the same in the Shiite, Sunni, Yazidi and Christian Muslim regions. The same concern he had for liberating the Sunni people from the hands of terrorists in Aleppo was equally worrying for the Shiites under siege in Nabl and Al-Zahra.

His interaction with all political groups was also evident. In Iraq and Lebanon, Soleimani has had direct and continuous relations with all factions and politicians, Arabs, Kurds and Turkmen, Shiites, Sunnis and Christians, Islamists and liberals, statesmen and men of

resistance, supporters and opponents of Iran, and according to Sheikh Jalal al-Din al-Saghir, the imam of the Tari Yakhi Bratha mosque congregation and a former member of parliament and leader of Saraya al-Aqida, even those who have made opposition to Iran a top priority, secretly lined up to meet Soleimani.



## **Flexibility**

Hajj Qaseem was very serious and strong in determining the strategy of his fighters, but he had the necessary flexibility in performing and advancing to Katik, in order to provide a way to achieve those lofty goals. He was martyred in order to fight right and wrong. To be forward.



## **The holiest general of the century**

## **The spirit of chivalry**

He had a spirit of chivalry, beauty and brotherhood that he quickly established a relationship and became a friend. This intimate relationship was established in him. He did not go beyond moderation even with his enemies. Wherever there was oppression, Qaseem and his army were there and they fought and were the guardians of the nation, and like the owner of the camel, he was always close to the enemy's tent.

Qaseem's quote was that "I will be your sacrifice," it was not just a word, but the word of his heart to be sacrificed for the people.

## **Do not sleep on business trips**

He did not sleep on trips. Sometimes he did not sleep for an hour in 24 hours. The commander of the Resistance Front had gained the love of day and night work from the cries and cries of midnight for praises to God. Either in a meeting or on the battlefield, or in secret, need, prayer, remembrance, or was worshiping and praying.



## **Regardless of position**

He was impatient for the moment to meet his beloved God. He never sought to gain power. He did not want the name and logo. Money was of no value to him. Riyast was meaningless to him. He focuses on service. It was to help and save others. He believed that a society without self-

sacrifice is a society without life and heat. In a society where there is no self-sacrifice, there is no enlightenment. Sacrifice is not only at the levels of giving and dying, but self-sacrifice finds meaning and value in all levels of society in various dimensions and gives a true and original meaning and concept to a society. In such a society, people do not think only of their own interests.



## **Your father is just a soldier**

Daughter of Sardar Soleimani

"On the day when Baba received the Zulfiqar Medal from Hazrat Agha, I congratulated him. They said: These are all worldly! Pray that one day I will receive a spiritual medal from God. "Your father is just a soldier and a servant of the people, and you are a people and you are no different from the others."





## **Humility**

Haj Qaseem's extreme humility was very effective. Hajj Qaseem was very modest even in his dealings with ordinary people. It is very strange that a commander with such a position is so humble.

## **Kissing the soles of the mother's feet!**

### **A memory of a reporter**

The mother of Sardar Haj Qaseem Soleimani, who passed away, after a few days we decided to go to Qanat Malek village with a group of journalists to offer our



condolences. With previous coordination, we left on the day that Sardar was also present in the village. When we arrived, we saw them sitting next to their mother's grave and praying for her. After greetings, he told us that I was going home and that you should come too. After reciting al-Fatihah, we went to his father's house. He spoke to us about the status and dignity of the mother and said: Do not publish what I am saying anywhere. He said: I always wanted to kiss my mother's foot to express my intense interest but I do not know why I did not get this success. The last time I came here before my mother died, I finally found happiness and kissed my mother's foot. I thought to myself that my death must be near, that God succeeded, and that my need was met. Sardar, wiping the tears from his cheeks, said: "I did not know I would not see these tired legs again to have a chance to kiss."



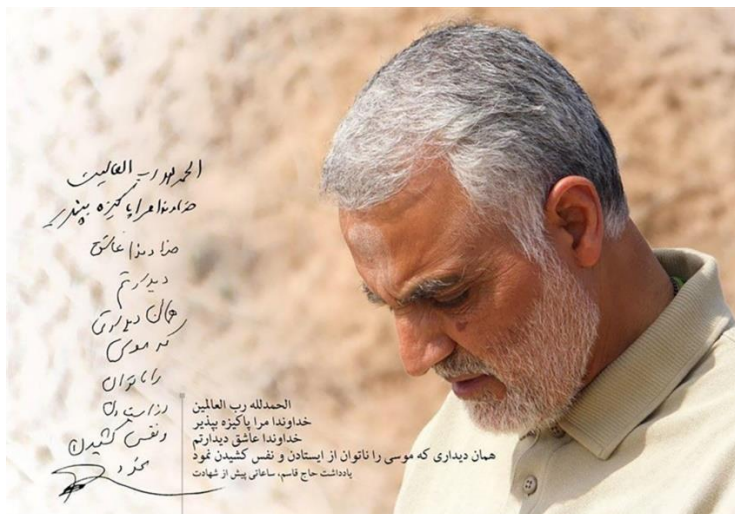
## **A conscious and selective death character**

Martyr Soleimani's world was great, death's awareness and not being afraid of the death of the world magnifies man, and puts all his efforts on the path of moral work and doing the right thing. He asked his soldiers and comrades, "Do you think I am a good man?" When he was offered to run for the presidency, he said, "I am the candidate for the bullets and the candidate for the martyr. I have been looking for my killer on these battlefields for many years and I cannot find him!"

When he was told that the Western media had been zooming in on you for some time and talking about your assassination, he simply smiled and did not react.

## **Sometimes he borrowed from his father ...**

His life was very simple, as he spent many days in missions abroad and was dangerous and was the most important military general of Iran, but he did not receive extra salary and sometimes he privately told some of his relatives that my salary was not enough for my livelihood and when His father was alive, he sometimes borrowed from his father.



## A theistic worldview through the lens of mysticism

Martyr Soleimani saw God in the equations of a colorful life, he wrote in the last manuscript (God, I love to see you, the same meeting that made Moses unable to stand and breathe) he want such meeting with God.

### **Solve your personal problem with your own power!**

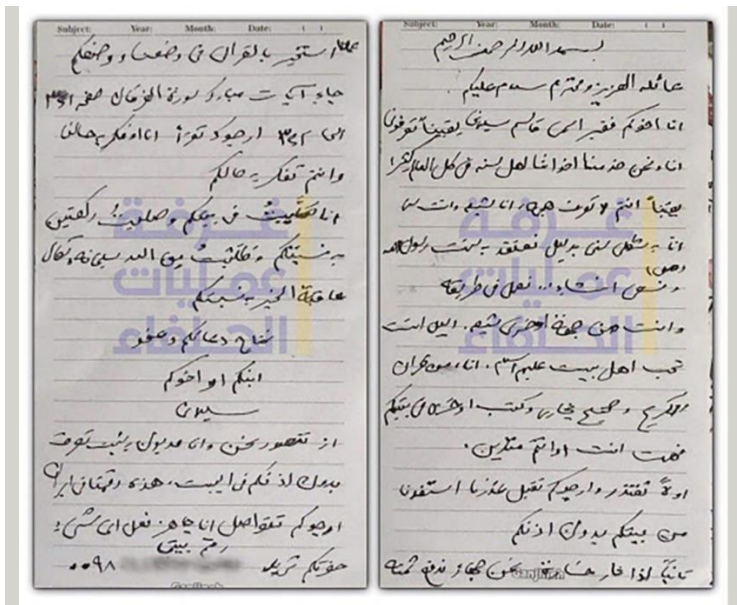
Professor of Shahid Beheshti University of Tehran

While working, I found out that Haj Qaseem Soleimani's daughter is a student at Shahid Beheshti University in Tehran and had a problem in one of the classes she had with a professor. There was a problem in a lesson that was exaggerated and unjustly for Zeinab Soleimani, and after

examining it, I realized that the problem was created by the teacher and unjustly.

In a recent meeting after the martyrdom of Sardar Haj Qaseem Soleimani, which I had with his daughter, I raised this issue, and Zeinab Soleimani confirmed and reminded of this issue and explained it: "When I explained this case to my father, my father told me "He said do not introduce yourself that I am the daughter of Sardar Soleimani."

Zeinab Soleimani said: My father told me, even if you choose and read this lesson again and again and 10 times, you must stand on your own two feet and solve your personal problem with your own strength.



## **Pay attention to ethics on the battlefield**

The nature of an element or military command is unabashedly hostile to the enemy. In the field, sometimes military tactics and techniques stop acting according to the rule of law and morality according to necessity, and it is preferred to observe morality and religion, so that it does not advance with power and victory over the enemy is achieved. During the campaign, full-scale war is a principle. But he was different, the observance of religious and moral boundaries was the primary principle in his military behavior.

In one of the operations to liberate Iraqi cities from terrorists, he had to stay for a while in a house where his residents had left. When leaving the house, he wrote a letter to the landlord and left his contact number so that the landlord could contact him if he was not satisfied!

## **Qaseem Soleimani according to another narration**

### **Former commander of US forces**

Petraeus, a former commander of US forces in Iraq, talks about the unique features of his powerful rival in the west Asia "Qassem Soleimani is a very capable, resourceful

and worthy enemy," said Petraeus, a former commander of US forces in Iraq. "He plays his game well."

## **Barack Obama**

Barack Obama, the former president of America according to them, his government is one of the accused in forming ISIL, in one of his meetings with former Iraqi Prime Minister ( Haidar al Abadi ) in 2014, he talks about General Soleimani. "He is my enemy, but I have a special respect for me am for him"

## **Publication (New Yorker)**

In September 2013, The New Yorker published a detailed report on General Soleimani examining various aspects of his life.

A part of the report quotes a former CIA officer in Iraq "Soleimani is one of the strongest executive agents in the Middle East today, but no one has ever heard it from him.

## **The National Emirati newspaper**

The National is an Emirati newspaper that publishes a memoir by Michael Theodolo these days:

"Soleimani is an army commander these days, whose range of power extends from the west to the east of the region; Soleimani's success is finding political strategies and carrying out specific operations.

## **Counter-Terrorism Center**

"Major General Qaseem Soleimani is the veteran commander of Iran's Quds Force," the US Counter-Terrorism Center, affiliated with the US Military Academy, known as West Point, wrote in November 2018. Undoubtedly, Soleimani today is the most powerful general in the Middle East. "He is also one of the most popular people in Iran."

### **"Michael Moore",**

American documentary filmmaker Michael Moore: Amazing. Is there an American general whose millions of us attend funerals? Crazy Dog (nicknamed James Mattis)? Kelly? Colin Powell? William Westmoreland? Does anyone even know the name of the Chief of the Joint Chiefs of Staff?

## **Nice Etlar, American political analyst**

"General Qassem Soleimani is" respected by peace-loving people around the world "and" will forever be a symbol of resistance to the humiliation of US imperialism, and his memory will be in the heart and The minds of the Iranian people and their friends and supporters around the world will live on.

## **An excerpt from the will of Martyr Soleimani**

Dear God and Creator, the Wise One! My hand is empty and my backpack is empty. I did not take any luggage; What is the need of luggage and leaves for Karim in the eyes of the poor?!

O God! My head, my intellect, my lips, my ears, my heart, all my limbs and joints are in the same hope; O Most Merciful! Accept me; accept me clean; accept me so much that I deserve to see you. I do not want to see you except, my paradise is next to you, O God!

My God, my love and my lover, I love you. I saw and felt you many times, I cannot be separated from you. That's enough, that's enough. Accept me, but as I deserve you.

My dear Iranian brothers and sisters, proud people, may my life and the lives of others like you be sacrificed thousands of times, as if you sacrificed hundreds of thousands of lives for Islam and Iran; Take care of the principles ...

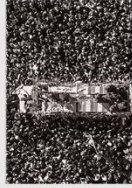
I ask forgiveness and forgiveness from my neighbors, friends and colleagues. I ask for forgiveness and pardon from the warriors of Lashkar-e-Sarollah and the great force of Quds, which is the thorn in the side of the enemy and his obstacle; Especially from those who helped me brotherly.





**SOLEIMANI**

**CAR**



**SOLEIMANI**

**FUNERAL**



**SOLEIMANI**

**FUNERAL**



## **FOURTH NARRATIVE**

**4**

**NARRATIVE OF TERROR**

## **Fourth narrative / narrative of terror**

### **Assassination of the first man in the fight against terrorism / How Sardar was martyred**

An Airbus A320 passenger plane carrying General Qaseem Soleimani took off from Damascus at 12 midnight on Friday, January 3, 2020, Iranian time, and landed in Baghdad shortly before one and a half in the morning on Friday. Hours before the plane arrived in Baghdad, there were signs that an important figure was arriving at the airport, and it was later revealed that the popular mobilization forces were preparing to greet Qaseem Soleimani. Minutes after the plane landed and was greeted by Abu Mahdi al-Mohandes, commander of the Iraqi People's Forces in the Fight against ISIS, Qaseem Soleimani and his entourage, Ando and three others boarded a Toyota, and five others boarded a second Toyota and drove toward the city. 15 minutes later, rockets fired from American drones caused Sardar Soleimani and Abu Mahdi al-Mohandes and eight of their companions were martyred.

### **Frequent threats of assassination and sanctions by US officials**

Sardar Soleimani is constantly threatened with terror by US officials and the Zionist regime. In 2019, US State Department officials also accused Sardar Soleimani of collaborating with Syrian security forces during protests in the country and suppressing opposition to the country.

Following the repeated repetition of Qaseem Soleimani's name in the world media, the French news agency published a news item that revealed the possibility of his assassination by the US government. According to the former commander of the Army America's Jack Keane hearing in Congress that America was referring to the assassination of Iranian officials, especially senior Iranian Revolutionary Guards Islamic Republic of Iran, said, 'Why not kill them? They have killed nearly a thousand Americans, so why not deliberately terrorize them? I am not saying that we should take military action, I suggest that we carry out secret operations.

We have to put strong pressure on them.

"They do not have as much logic as we do, I do not think you can do without it," said Ruel Mark Grich, an expert with the Institute for the Defense of Democracy. Qaseem Soleimani travels a lot, go and arrest him or kill him! According to the French news agency, in the continuation of this statement, some American representatives announced that they do not take any action about Iran out of their minds, but we do not agree with it.

## **The role of the Israeli Zionist regime in the assassination of Qaseem Soleimani**

Quick review of documents and reports related to Israel's secret role in the assassination of Sardar

One of the neglected points in the assassination of Martyr Soleimani is the role of Israel in this assassination.

Looking at the history of Hajj Qaseem's command in the Quds Force, his role in strengthening the resistance front against Israeli aggression and thus increasing the threats against this regime is evident.

Liberation of southern Lebanon in 2000  
Liberation of the Gaza Strip in 2005  
The thirty-three-day war in Lebanon in 2006 played a key role in the Syrian crisis

To the extent that today we see the instability of Israel's international security and political instability within this regime.

It seems that Martyr Soleimani was a serious target of assassination by the Zionists.

It can be claimed that the US actions in including his name in the list of targets are the result of Zionist lobbying.

Of course, the Zionists had made efforts in this direction at times, but they failed to do so due to the vigilance of the Resistance Front and the fear of the severity of its consequences.

Whenever political differences between Israel and the US government escalate, the Zionists try to reduce the level of political tensions between themselves and the US by increasing tensions between the US and Iran.

This is very evident from the political efforts to increase tensions in the months leading up to the assassination of Martyr Soleimani. Because the result of this tension is a further increase in the US military presence in the Middle

East and in line with the Zionist regime's strategy to involve the US more in the Iran case in West Asia.

Amos Hareil, for example, acknowledged that the Zionist regime had played an important role in escalating tensions between Tehran and Washington through airstrikes against targets of Shiite groups in Iraq and Syria, which resulted in the assassination of Martyr Soleimani.

Looking at the statements of the officials as well as the literature produced at the media and think tank level, it can be concluded that the Zionists were more focused on the assassination of Martyr Soleimani.

Some Zionist media reports indicated that Zionist security agencies had been activated to assassinate the leaders of the resistance, especially General Soleimani.

It seems that even the Zionists had calculated the consequences of this action, so that the head of the Joint Chiefs of Staff of the Zionist regime had announced the possibility of a limited military conflict between his country and Iran on December 25, 2019.

Some signs of the security presence of the Zionist regime in this assassination are obvious, so that Debka File, one of the think tanks active in the security-military field of the Zionist regime, points to the intelligence security cooperation of this regime with the United States in this assassination.

Also on January 4, 2019, General Larry Wilkerson stated that the role of the Zionist regime in gathering information

and advising on the decision to carry out operations is clear.

On the other hand, the selection of targets such as the bases of the Iraqi People's Forces, the popular uprising on the Syrian border, and the assassination of Martyr Soleimani, which somehow served the goals of the Zionist regime. It could be a strong sign that the Zionists are active in US military operations in Iraq.

This argument can be substantiated by examining the US options in Iraq, that the bases and influential people of the resistance axis in Iraq were available on the Syrian border with more and perhaps less costly threats.

According to the news published in the Los Angeles Times, the 12th television network of the Zionist regime

Zionist journalist Yair Chuck tweeted about informing Israeli officials of our cooperation between the regime and the United States in carrying out the assassination, preparing for the possible consequences and possible retaliatory actions of Iran.

A report by Hill News, close to the US Congress, revealed that Israel had cooperated with the US in the terrorist operation at Baghdad Airport, which led to the assassination of Sardar Soleimani, Abu Mahdi al-Mohandes and several of his entourage.

"The attack not only required satellite surveillance, but also information from ground agents, because when General Soleimani's plane arrived in Baghdad, it was

important for people on the ground to confirm that he himself had disembarked from the plane.

"With the cooperation of Israel, the United States had networks to do that."

Although the Americans had many motives to remove Martyr Soleimani, the political, security and even operational role of the Zionist regime in this terrorist act should not be overlooked.

Meanwhile, the illegitimate Israeli regime has many organizational and governmental assassinations in its black record.

## **Controversy over narratives in the era of media domination**

### **Erik Zeus**

American author and history researcher.

The very subversive issue is that Facebook is deliberately censoring. The primary mechanism when Facebook creates a barrier is simply that the post on Facebook is not sent to the timeline of many people who are your friends or followers. It works in such a way that you think they have seen your posts, but in fact they only showed a small number of posts. In this case, if someone is one of the few recipients who has seen and shared those posts, they will be shown on their timeline that those posts have been shared, but in fact the majority of their friends do not receive them. Facebook is not doing what it inspires you

to do - it shows you that it shared the post - and Facebook is deliberately hiding this fact from you.

Twitter has a similar mechanism called "shadow blocking". Again, this is done in secret and the victims are not informed. At the moment, I do not seem to be in the shadow of being blocked, but there is a very sharp drop - in multiples of 10 - in the effects that my tweets have. This is a multidimensional but coordinated operation to censor important facts, facts that none of the controlling owners want the public to know about.

Another example of how this mechanism works is the CIA, a branch of the US federal government that serves virtually only the bureaucracy, which is why it lies about almost anything it says publicly about international relations, such as what He televised and insisted on Saddam Hussein and the construction of weapons of mass destruction in 2002. The US government, of which the CIA is a part, used this "information" to "justify" the invasion and occupation of a country (Iraq) that never He did not attack or threaten to attack the United States, and that means aggression, they are doing the same thing in Syria, Libya, Ukraine, Yemen, etc. These are important facts for the general public. The key facts are the facts that expose and disprove the lies propagated by government agencies.

Wikipedia is an example of this. The CIA edits Wikipedia, not only in the sense that anyone (including you) can edit what is on Wikipedia, but also in the sense that Wikipedia



itself censors cases that present evidence that disproves certain allegations. They are made and paid for in Wikipedia articles, meaning that Wikipedia does not tell people why the correction or editing of that article was rejected and Wikipedia does not consider it, the secret people who control the articles and the secret processes through which they do so. They are secrets that are not revealed to any outsiders, but are known to those who control Wikipedia, criminals know what the key facts are, but people do not know because the media hides the key facts.

Important news media reporting on issues that are really different are no longer merely covering up a "correction" after their event, so that perhaps only one percent of the people who have been deceived by the article realize that the article is false, but now absolutely. By refusing to publish any "corrections", they ignore the readers' right not to be deceived by that big news media. Most of such "news" media outlets have either been shut down, or have severely restricted the comments of their readers, because if not, the reader's comments can be disseminated through something that invalidates that particular "news" article; And the goal of aristocratic-controlled media is to prevent those facts from reaching their audiences. (All mainstream media, and almost all "other" media, are owned or dominated by the aristocracy and censor vital facts, vital facts that disprove allegations that The government (the ruling aristocracy) does not want the people to know about them.

During the martyrdom of Sardar Soleimani, Instagram decided to block thousands of accounts of those who used photos, videos or hashtags of Soleimani. Meanwhile, Instagram explained why the pages related to the Commander of Counter-Terrorism and Extremism were closed. Has not provided in Syria, Iraq and other regions of the region. Facebook did the same and censored and deleted videos and related content.

Meanwhile, media giants and Facebook and Twitter companies publish many very inaccurate narratives of someone who has been fighting villains and terrorists for 40 years without hindrance.

Freedom of information is far from what you think!

## **Definitive condemnation of the assassination of General Soleimani**

The US government is never unfamiliar with the dreaded art of political assassination. For decades, the United States has used sophisticated techniques against its enemies; From sending a deadly chemist armed with a deadly poison to destroy Patrice Lumumba as the Democratic Republic of Congo's first prime minister in the 1960s, to using poison pills in the food of Cuban leader Fidel Castro, the military ruler of the Dominican Republic Vietnam....

But on the morning of January 3, 2020, the world media reported an unexpected news that shocked the Iranian people and large populations of other nations in the

region, and caused deep concern to many political and security officials, even in the United States. Aroused. The assassination of the most influential commander of the Takfiri Counter-Terrorism Front in the region and a senior member of the Iranian Armed Forces at the hands of US forces and on the direct orders of President Trump has sparked a variety of debates, including among lawyers. From the perspective of international law on the use of force, the assassination of a high-ranking government military official, not on the battlefield but on an official trip, not for a military mission but a political mission to talk to the host country's officials to reduce regional tensions. can have? To what extent can the alleged justifications of US officials be audible and credible?

The US authorities' justification, which is mainly based on the concept of legitimate defense, based on international legal criteria, does not have any legal basis and is a clear case of resorting to illegal force contrary to Article 51 of the UN Charter, as well as violating bilateral agreements with Iraq. In particular, it is a security agreement and, in accordance with the provisions of the Declaration of Definition of Aggression and the Rome Statute, is considered an act of aggression and provides for the international responsibility of the US government and the criminal responsibility of those involved in committing this illegitimate act.

Under Article 4 of the 2001 International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the United States, as a violating state, must provide a credible and convincing guarantee of

non-repetition, compensation, and consent. Obtaining consent and ensuring non-repetition must be credible and real (implicit), and in this case, this will be achieved with the complete withdrawal of US forces from the region, especially in Iraq.

Brian Hook, the US special envoy for Iran, told Al-Sharq Al-Awsat that "if Ismail Qaani, the commander of the Quds Force and the successor of Sardar Soleimani, wants to continue his path, he will suffer the same fate as Soleimani." This threat from US officials indicates that the US government is moving in the same direction that the Zionist regime in Israel has been following for years. The institutionalization of state terrorism is a very dangerous tactic that must be addressed in the international system.

American Journal of National Interest, Atlantic Council think tank, Brookings Institution, Australian Institute for International Affairs, German Council on Foreign Relations, New York Times

Examples of legal commentary on a terrorist attack have been made by reputable international magazines and think tanks, which address the consequences of US behavior while pointing to violations of international law.

**Keywords used:**

Committing war crimes and disturbing US foreign policy, contrary to international norms, undermining the world order, the heinous nature of terrorism, violating the Iraqi

constitution, the consequences of violating international law, and so on.

Noam Chomsky, major political theorist and geopolitical analyst, in an interview with the Hindustan Times:

The assassination of Sardar Qaseem Soleimani is "at least an example of international terrorism and even worse." This did not happen in World War II or the Cold War. The assassination of Qaseem Soleimani is like Iran plotting to assassinate Mike Pompeo and another senior general at Mexico City International Airport.

UN Special Rapporteur

UN Special Rapporteur on Human Rights Kalamard presented his report on the assassination of Martyr Sardar Soleimani, former commander of the Quds Force of the Islamic Republic of Iran, to the UN Human Rights Council, calling the US drone strike in January 2020 a violation of international law. He said the US assassination of the former commander of the IRGC's Quds Force was "illegal" and a "violation of international law".

## **Short interview with Thomas Michael Skanlen**

Thomas Michael Scanlon is a contemporary philosopher, former professor at Princeton University, a distinguished professor at Harvard University, and a member of the American Philosophy Society. His field of study is mathematical logic, ethics, and political philosophy.

Scanlen is one of the philosophers who revived "contractualism" in contemporary moral philosophy. Professor Skenlen has been asked about the moral and legal aspects of the assassination of General Qaseem Soleimani by the US government, which clearly states that the action against General Soleimani is unjustifiable and defensible. Skenlen said it was the duty of the American people, firstly, to understand the misguidance of such actions and, secondly, to try to bring about change in the US government.

What do you think about the assassination of General Qaseem Soleimani from a moral point of view? Also, what do you think about its moral and legal aspects? The United States and Iran are not at war, and [even] the assassination of General Soleimani was not an act of "self-defense" or "legitimate use of force in detention and trial," so it was morally unjustifiable and defensible.

Was such an act an innovation [in US foreign policy]?

It can be said that some other policies - such as direct and indirect drug sanctions against the Iranian people - can be called silent terrorism, and therefore such a "declaration" is just a confession and this is not a new trend.

So, in general, assassination is not just a Trump-specific policy or a new policy.

I do not want to say that this was a heresy, and in any case - whether it was heresy or not - I do not think it matters as much as this simple fact that it was morally wrong. I also

think that sanctions against Iran are unjustifiable and defensible.

What is the moral duty of the American people regarding the assassination of General Soleimani? Do they have a duty at all?

It is our moral duty to realize that what happened is wrong [as we should be], and more importantly to try to bring about a change in our government.



**MISSILE**

**ATTACK**



**BEFORE**

**US BASE**



**AFTER**

**US BASE**



## **FIFTH NARRATION**

**5**

**HARD REVENGE**





## **Fifth narration / Hard revenge**

### **Ein Al-Assad, unforgettable name**

Trump wanted to martyr them at a special moment; Because he was on the verge of impeachment and thought that by removing Sardar Soleimani and Abu Mahdi al-Mohandes, he could achieve great success in escaping impeachment and even prepare for victory in the 2020 presidential election, but according to the American media, he entered into a big gamble. Lost it!

In response to the assassination of Sardar Soleimani, the Islamic Republic of Iran launched a military operation on January 9, 2017, during which the IRGC air force fired a number of ballistic missiles from Kermanshah, the Ein al-

Assad base in Iraq's Anbar province, and a base in Erbil. They were Americans, targeted. The operation took place at 1:20 a.m., the same time that Qasem Soleimani's car was targeted and a few hours before his burial.

Iran's missile strike on the US-based Ain al-Assad base in Iraq shows that the era of US military operations in the region is over without interruption or threat. Although US leaders in Washington have been aware of the changing US operational landscape in the region for years, they have always failed to change their Middle East operational strategy. This inability to change the positions of military bases and operational plans, as well as the access of countries such as Iran to advanced point-of-sale weapons, will always expose US forces to precise military attacks in the future.

Analyzing the importance of Iran's missile strike on Ain al-Assad base, National Interest warned against the threat of Iranian weapons to US forces in the region, writing: "Iran's missile strike on Ain al-Assad base in January became the first time in history American forces receive a large-scale, high-precision missile strike. There is a truth behind the colorful headlines that Congress, Pentagon officials, and the American public must be aware of: "America's monopoly on the use of point-of-arms weapons and unprecedented freedom of action has officially ended since the end of the Cold War. An unprecedented attack on US forces should be seen as a warning and to force US leaders to assess and address the

vulnerabilities of its bases in the region." Announced from the Middle East region.



## The national pride of a nation

History has shown that when the national pride of a nation is manipulated, it is as if capacities are released and play a role from the hidden layers of that nation. The assassination of Gribaydov, who was in charge of the Russian embassy in Iran at the time of accepting Iran's defeat by the Russians and imposing two Golestan and Turkmachai resolutions on Iran, was one example of breaking the ice of Iranian national pride. In those circumstances, the enemy thought that the Iranians were in a position of weakness and were unable to react, but Gribaydov's actions provoked the national pride of the Iranians and led to his assassination. In today's context,

the assassination of Sardar Soleimani by the Americans was certainly a miscalculation. Because of their false pride and arrogance, the Americans made a miscalculation and fired directly at the national pride of the Iranians with the assassination of Sardar Soleimani. They fired directly. This was while the Iranians were outraged by the cowardly pressure of the American economic sanctions, and this assassination caused the Iranian nation to rise in full force.



### **End of narration / funeral of a man**

Funeral of Qasem Soleimani and 9 of his companions in Iraq (cities of Karbala, Najaf, Kazemin, Baghdad (and in Iran) cities of Tehran, Mashhad, Ahvaz, Qom (and in the city of Kerman) and the presence of millions of people in the funeral of many Made the media react.

The widespread presence of the people of Iran and Iraq was a sign of the character's popularity and an expression of disgust with the United States.





**If General Qasem Soleimani didn't fight with terrorist groups like ISIS, they would launch many terrorist operations all over Europe all the time.**



